NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1885.

MR. EVARTS TO BE SENATOR.

ACTION OF THE REPUBLICAN CAUCUS. BR. MORTON RECEIVES 28 VOTES AND MR. DEPEW 3-DETAILS OF THE CONTEST.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. ALBANY, Jan. 19 .- William M. Evarts is to suc ceed Elbridge G. Lapham as United States Senator from the State of New-York, He received 61 votes to-night in the Republican Senate caucus, Levi P. Morton 28 votes, Chauncey M. Depew 3 votes, Mr. Evarts's nomination was then made unanimous, so that he will receive to-morrow in the Legislature the votes of the ninety-two Republican members forming the majority. His Democratic opponent in the Legisla-ture is likely to be William E. Smith, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic State Committee, who like Mr. Evarts is a lawyer.

It is twenty-four years ago that Mr. Evarts was once before a candidate for United States Senator. Then his chief competitors were Horace Greeley and Ira Harris and the latter was elected. The canens was then held in the modest Assembly Chamber of the old Capitol. Mr. Evarts was near by in the Executive Chamber listening to the reports from the caucus in company with Governor Morgan and Thurlow If he had been present in Albany to-night and had sought the scene of the Republican Senatorial caucus he would have found it to be the splendid Assembly Chamber of the new Capitol. All the noted Republican politicians who have been laboring in Albany for a week, either in Mr. Eyart's interest or that of Mr. Morton, were present. The galleries, the floor of the Assembly Chamber and the aisles were crowded with interested specta

The Evarts leaders were confident. Just before they had started for the Capitol they had on their list of members pledged to Evarts fifty-seven names. The same persons were pledged to an open ballot. Their names were as follows : Senators Arkell, Baker, Bowen, Comstock, Davidson, Elfsworth, Esty, Gibbs, Gilbert, Lansing, McCarthy, Otis, Robinson and Thomas; Assemblymen-Andrews, Bailey, A. H. Baker, Berry, Briggs, Budlong, Curtis, Demers, Garbutt, Grippen, S. S. Hawkins, William M. Hawkins, Heath, Hendrick', Hopkius, Hotaling, H. C. Howe, Walter Howe, Hubbell, Husted, Kilby, Kruse, Liddle, Livingston, Nash, O'Neil, Owens, Palmer, Rockefeller, George Scott, Kidder M. Scott, Seeber, Shoemaker, Charles Smith, Thomas A. Smith, Snyder, Storm, Sweet, Tappan, Tuck, Van Buskirk, Van Duzen, Whitmore, Windolph. THE TEST VOTE.

The caucus began work in a business-like manner at 8:45 p. m. Senator McCarthy was unanimously chosen chairman, Senator Otis and Assemblyman Cole were elected secretaries and Senator Davidson and Assemblyman Haskell tellers. The conflict between Mr. Evarts and Mr. Morton began at once. Mr. Evarts's friends favored open ballot; Mr. Morton's a secret one. A test vote on this question was precipitated by Senator Gilbert, who moved that each Senator and Assemblyman, when the time came for voting for Senator, should rise in his place and name his choice. Speeches were made against the motion by the Morton men. Senator Coggeshall opened the attack with a statement that it was contrary to precedent. He intended to vote for Mr. Morton and did not care to conceal his vote, but there were Republican members who desired to vote for Mr. Morton who would not do so if they had to vote publicly. Senator Daggett also pre-ferred "the old-fashioned way—the secret ballot," Senator Fassett thought that the traditions of the Republican party were in favor of a secret ballot,

Senator Gilbert replied that in his opinion it was the duty of every Republican member of the Legislature to state frankly his choice for Senator and this could only be done a viva voce vote. As for precedents, the latest precedents were the other way. In 1873, 1879 and again in 1881 the candidates of the Republicans for Senator were chosen in the Senate caucus by a vive voce vote. There should be a fair, an open and a conspicuous ballot. Senator Vedder thought it would be tyranny to have an open ballot. He should therefore vote for a secret one. Assemblyman Barnum thought that members should be protected from public "pressure" man ought to hide his real choice cedents were in favor of a secret bailot. Senator Harris was chosen in that way and Senator Cohkling on the first occasion when he was elected. As for the later precedents in his opinion they ought not to be considered. Assemblyman Myers considered that the purity of the ballot would best be protected by a secret ballot. Assemblyman Taylor said that his constituents were for Morton and as he thought it against the interest of Mr. Morton to have an open ballot he would vote for a at 6 o'clock he received word that

Senator Gilbert's motion that there be viva voce vote for Senator was then adopted by the following

Yeas—Senators Arkell, Baker, Bowen, Comstock, Davidson, Kilsworth, Esty, Gibbs, Gilbert, Lansing, Low, McCarthy, Otts, Robinson and Thomas, Assemblymen Andrews, Balley, Eaker, A. H., Barnes, Herry, Briges, Budlong, Cariisle, Curlis, Demers, Garbutt, Gruppen, Hawkins S. S., Hawkins William M., Heath, Hendricks, Hopkins, Hotaling, Howe H. C., Howe Walter, Hubbell, Kilby, Kruse, Liddle, Livingston, Lowing, Nash, Liddle, Livingston, Friddy, Rockefeller, Scott, George, Scott, Kilder M., Seeber, Shoemaker, Smith Charles, Smith Thomas A., Shyder, Storm, Sweet, Tappan, Tuck, Tynan, Smith Charles, Smith Clark E., Smith Inomas A.,
Shyder, Storm, Sweet, Tappan, Tuck, Tyhan,
Van Buskerk, Vanduzer, Whitmore, Windolph., 64.
Nays—Senators Corgeshall, Daggett, Fassett, Vedder;
Assemblymen Arnold, C. D. Baker, C. K. Baker, Barager,
Barnum, Cartwright, * H. R. Clark, Cole, Dibble, Erwin, Farnum, Hasbröuck, Haskell, Hogeboom, Horton, Husted, McEwen, Myers, Olin, Raines,
Steber, Taylor, Van Allen, Williams—28.

NOMINATING THE CANDIDATES. There was a look of triumph in the eyes of the Evarts men when this vote was announced. Every politician at once knew that Mr. Morton was a defeated man. Nevertheless the members of the cauens went through the formality of nominating and voting upon the candidates. Assemblyman Walter Howe, of New-York, nominated Mr. Evarts in a speech in which in his opening sentence was a declaration that it was clear that Mr. Evarts was the choice of the Republicans of New-York for Senator and also of a majority of the Republican members of the Legislature. Mr. Evarts's career was then sketched by Mr. Howe and his many qualifications for the office of Senator.

Senator Arkell followed in behalf of Mr. Evarts. Senator Lashing, in behalf of the friends of Leslie W. Russell, seconded the nomination. "The broadest and best citizen should be taken," he said, "and that man is Willnam M. Evarts." defeated man. Nevertheless the mem

Mr. Hubbell said: "In the name of the Republicans of Western New-York I second the nomination of Mr. Evarts. When his candidacy began the of Mr. Evarts, when his candidacy began the friends of other candidates said it was a canvass of sentiment. It is a canvass of sentiment, the sentiment of the people of New-York. We transfer him from the head of the bar of New-York to the head of the Senate," Assemblyman Barnum, of New-York, nominated Levi P. Morton as "a Moses who will lead the Republican party out of the wilderness of defeat."

will lead the Republican party out of the wilderness of defeat."

Assemblyman Williams, of Chantauqua, seconded Mr. Morton's nomination, and denied Mr. Hubbell's statement that Western New-York was for Mr. Evarts. On the contrary the people of Chantauqua County desired the election of Mr. Morton. Senator Baker also seconded the nomination of Mr. Evarts, at the same time acknowledging that he had received a numerously signed Morton petition from Rochester. Yet in his opinion the people of New-York desired the election of Mr. Evarts, and he should vote for him. Mr. Livingston also seconded Mr. Evarts's nomination.

Mr. Husted said he had been forbidden to nominate Chauncey M. Depew, but he should nevertheless yote for him. The vote was then ordered.

THE VOTE FOR SENATOR.

The vote for Senator resulted as follows: Whole number 92; Evarts, 61; Morton, 28; Depew. 3. Following is the vote in detail: For Mr. Fourte. Senators Arkell, Baker, Bowen, Comsteek, Davidson, Ellsworth, Esty, Gibbs, Gil-

bert, Lansing, Lowe, Otis, Robinson, and Thomas; Assemblymen Andrews, Batley, A. H. Baker, Barnes, Berry, Briggs, Budlong, Curtis, Demers, Dibble, Garbutt, Grippen, S. S. Hawkins, William M. Hawkins, Heath, Hendricks, Hopkins, Hotaling, H. C. Howe, Walter Howe, Hubbell, Kilby, Kruse, Liddle, Livingston, Lowing, Nash, O'Neil, Owens, Palmer, Priddy, Rockefeller, George Scott, Kidder M. Scott, Seeber, Shoemaker, Charles Smith, Thomas C. Smith, Suyder, Storm, Sweet, Tappan, Tuck, Van Buskirk, Van Duzen, Whitmore and Windolph—61.

For Mr. Morton—Senators Cogreshall, Daggett, Fassett and Vedder; Assemblymen Arnold, C. D. Baker, C. K. Baker, Barager, Barnum, Cartwight, H. K. Clark, Cole, Erwin, Farmum, Hasbronick, Haskell, Hogeboom, Horton, McEwen, Meyers, Olin, Raines, Clark, E. Smith, Steeber, Taylor, Tynan, Van Allen, and Willams—28.

For Mr. Depew.—Senator McCarthy, Assemblymen Carlisle and Husted—3.

Mr. Evarte's nomination was then made unani-

Mr. Evarts's nomination was then made unaumous, and the caucus adjourned without day.

SCENES IN THE DAYTIME. THE EVARTS COMMITTEE SECURE A LIST OF FIFTY-FOUR NAMES-EXCITEMENT IN THE DELAVAN. IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

ALBANY, Jan. 19 .- This last day of the contest for Sepator has been marked by unusual scenes at the Delavan House. At either end of a long corridor on the second floor of the hotel there are two large rooms with apartments of a smaller size opening out of them. One was the headquarters of Mr. Morton's managers and the other that of Mr. Evarts's. All day long the outer or larger room of each headquarters was crowded with politicians and members of the Legislature, but the interior rooms were used by a small number of men who were conducting the two canvasses. Through the corridor connecting the two headquarters there were constantly surging crowds of working politicians. The lower hall of the Delavan House was jammed with spectators and politicians.

Mr. Nutting, of Oswego, took a blank sheet containing the names of the members of the Legislature, placed it upon the table, and then patiently waited the arrival of the members. The latter would be brought into this room, asked if they intended to vote for Mr. Evarts, and then if they were in favor of an open ballot. Both replies were in the affirmative. The member was requested to write the words on the list opposite his name: "Open Ballot." All statements regarding the attitude of members regarding the attitude of members toward Mr. Evarts were declined. Each Evarts member himself must come before Mr. Nutting, state his intention, and sign the list. In this way a bomb-proof canvass was made. The Evarts men felt that only in this way could they feel on solid ground. The list only contained one name at 8 a. m., but at noon contained twenty. Then there was a halt in the list. For an hour or so there was some alarm felt, and the rumor went around that James J. Belden, of Syracuse, had come out for Morton, and that Onondaga members and the Cortland and Oswego members were, under his influence, going to cast their votes for Morton.

The rumor was shown to be untrue at 2:40 p. m., when Assemblyman Hendricks, of Onondaga, arrived and stated that he intended still to vote for Mr. Evarts, and that when he left Syracuse Assemblymen Shoemaker, Tappan, Andrews, Howe and Sweet were also going to vote for Mr. Evarts, as they declared that they would do last week Thenceforward the vote for Mr. Evarts on the lis steadily increased, till when the caucus met a 8:30 in the evening it contained 54 names-1 Senators and 44 Assemblymen. As only 47 vote were required to nominate Mr. Evarts in the caucu the Evarts leaders were jubilant.

Assemblyman Snyder, of Uls er, was the forty seventh man who signed the list. There are ninety two Republican members of the Legislature, and it two Republican members of the Legislature, and it takes forty-seven men therefore to nominate a candidate for Senator in the caucus. When Mr. Snyder put his name down there was a lond cheer. The list then increased to fitty-five names, but was decreased by one before the caucus met by Mr. Taylor, of Kings, who withdrew his name. This he is said to have done upon the petition of Silas B. Dutcher, one of the Morton leaders, The Morton men were unaware till late in the day what the Evarts men were doing. Their canvass was a secret one. They would give no particulars at any time in the day, but claimed to be ahead of Mr. Evarts.

THE NEWS IN THIS CITY. SENATOR MILLER GREATLY PLEASED-MR. EVART

It was a late hour last night when any definit information was received uptown concerning the Senatorship. But there were several 'pointers by a secret ballot. Assemblyman Curtis believed early in the evening in the nature of dispatche about the names signed to papers pledging the signbehind a secret ballot. It would greatly ers to Mr. Evarts and to an open caucus, which indi aid the Republican party to have an cated pretty clearly which way the fight would end open ballot. Mr. Husted argued that the premerged in the knots of Evarts men who were especially jubilant over the result, which, so far could be ascertained, was generally well received Among Mr. Evarts's friends at the Fifth Avenue Hotel it was known quite early that his nomination was positively assured. Senator Warner Miller had a dispatch during the afternoon saying that fortythree names had already been signed to the call for an open meeting, and number had swelled to sixty. This was accepted as proof of the Evaris strength. It was a long time before the actual result of the caucus reached any one-so long that one or two Morton men plucked up hope and said there was evidently a fight on hand. About the Fifth Avenue Hotel were to be seen ex-Senator Platt, R. A. Elmer, Congress man J. W. Wadsworth, Collector Robertson, Mahlon Chance, of Ohio ; T. L. Woodruff, of Brooklyn ; General Foster, James Q. Howard, John Fitch, and

Mr. Platt said in the early part of the evening that he thought the vote would be so close that a change of three or four would affect the re-He admitted also that Mr. Evarts had slightly the advantage, but said he could not tell what gams had been made by the Morton mer during the day and hence could not say what the real chances were. Later in the evening, when the real result was practically known, he retired to his room and declined to talk. Collector Robertson said to a TRIBUNE reporter: Well, Mr. Evarts will make a grand Senator The party would have been satisfied with either Evarts or Morton. Both voted for Mr. Blaine and supported him heartily."

Senator Miller came down from the Union League about half-past 11 and opened a number of dispatches announcing the result, which was received with a little cheer by the few people at the hotel.

hotel.

The news at the Union League was confined to a dispatch from C. S. Smith at 6:15, and one at half-past 10 from C. Watrous. The latter announced the nomination. The faces of the members were wreathed in smiles and there was a great deal of wreathed in smiles and there was a great deal of congratulation going on a large share of which was tendered to Senator Miler. To The Tribusy reporter Mr. Miller said: "I am especially gratified with this result, because it will be satisfactory to the people of the State and of the country at large. I find that the deepest interest has been taken in the contest all over the country. Western gentlemen whom I have met at the hotels here tell me that the entire mass of the party in the West has been looking with anxiety to see whether Mr. Evarts would be elected or defeated. His election will mark a new rain party affairs. It has wipped out old feuds and factions, and will give us an opportunity to move forward united and harmonious. It will be possible for us to redeem New-York this fall in the election of a Governor, and to swing it into line handsomely for 1888."

Mr. Evarts was in his library at 11½ o'clock last night, surrounded by his sous, when the following dispatch was received:

ALBANY, Jan. 19.

Hon, WILLIAM M. EVARTS:
The Young Men's Republican Club of the City of New-York—the first organization to propose you for Senator—congratulates you upon your nomination this moment

A TRIBUNE reporter, who called a few minutes later, found Mr. Evaris in the most happy frame of mind. He accepted congratulations with every indication of enjoyment and asked cagerly for particulars of the bailot at Albany. During the evening he received dispatches about the progress of the contest from A. S. Draper, Theodore Roosevelt, F. W. Holls, General Anson G. McCook and W.

H. Waring. Then came a dispatch from John F. Quarles, the colored attorney, "The fight is won." At half past ten the following was received:

Mr. Evarts nominated on the first ballot.

C. WATROUS. With the reception of these dispatches, Mr. Evarts said he thought he should retire for the night. He declined to talk upon politics, suggesting some other time as more fitting.

SKETCH OF MR. EVARTS.

William Maxwell Evarts, who will succeed Elbridge G. Lapham (Rep.) in the United States Senate next March, was born in Boston on February 6, 1818 next March, was born in Boston on February 6, 1818
He is the son of Jeremiah Evarts, who was graduated at
Yale College in 1802 and was well known as a writer,
editor, teacher and lawyer. Mr. Evarts was graduated
at Yale College in 1837. He then entered
the Harvard Law School, and in 1841 he was admitted to the bar in this city. His eminent abilities as a logical thinker and an eloquent advocate soon placed him in the forefront of his profession. In 1857 he received the degree of Dector of Laws from Union College, and the same honor was paid him by Yale in 1865, and by Harvard in 1870. Though an acknowledged leader of public opinion, he has avoided seeking office, and has never been influenced by partisan feeling in any position to which he has been

Mr. Evarts's accurate and extensive knowledge of the laws of this and other countries and his power in argu-ment were conspicuous elements in his success as counsel for Andrew Johnson during the great impeachment trial in 1868, From July 15, 1868, until the close of President Johnson's administration Mr. Evarts nilled the office of Johnson's administration and Attorney-General with signal ability. In the Alahama matter Mr. Evarts acted as counsel for the United States, and his powerful presentation of the American case had a marked effect upon the Geneva tribunal and aided it largely in reaching a just and equitable decisionin regard to the settlement of the Alabama Claims. As the senior counsel for the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher in his famous trial in Brooklyn in 1875, Mr. Evarts won new laurels. In 1876 he was appointed by Governor Tilden to serve on the Charter Commission, and March, 1877, he entered President Hayes's Cabinet as Secretary of State. In that position he put new life into the department and closed his term with general satisfaction to the country.

In the course of his long and brilliant career at the bar Mr. Evarts has conducted many cases of the greatest im Mr. Evarts has conducted many cases of the greatest importance. His services have been most cagerty sought in suits involving the rights of great corporations, and he has been engaged in many famous railway actions. He took a conspicuous part in the rapid transit littgation in this city. Since the retirement of the late Charles O'Conor from active practice, Mr. Evarts has been looked upon as the leader of the American Bar. His high reputation for thorough familiarity with constitutional law, his prominent position in the Republican party, and his convincing eloquence made him the man to whom all Republicans turned anxiously when it was decided that the questions on which the Presidency depended should be argued before the Electoral Commission of 1877. Before that tribunal he made a foreible and impressive pleading. Since his retirement from the State Department Mr. Evarts has devoted himself to his profession, though his voice has been heard in public during political campaigns and on other occasions.

FORMER SENATORS. The following is a complete list of the men who have represented New-York in the United States

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THE CONTEST IN ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.-In the State Senate at Springfield to day, Senator Merriti offered a joint resolu-tion directing the two bouses of the General Assembly solution was read for information. A call of the Senesolution to-morrow and put it on its passage. The plan to make the present presiding officer of the House permanent Speaker. Had the resolution passed, they say, permanent Speaker. Had the resolution passed, they say, it would have been an efficial recognition of the organization of the House by a superior body. Only a portion of the House membership is at the Capitol to night, and it is not expected that tile incumbency of Haines will be determined to morrow. Representative Cronkrite says that there will be no session of the House to morrow. The Democratic forces are broken and scattered by illness and disaster, and cannot be gotten together before Westnesday. The Democrats held a secret canents togeth, Carter Harrison, in an interview to day, declared himself out of the Senstorship race. General Logan and Colonel Merrison are still at Springfield.

VOORHEES RE-NOMINATED IN INDIANA. Indianapolis, Jan. 19.-The Democratic numbers of the Legislature held a cancus to-night to ominate a candidate for United States Senator. Daniel nominate a candidate for United States Senator. Daniel
W. Voorhees was re-nominated by acclamation. A resolution favoring the appointment of Joseph E. McDonald
to a Cabinet position was unanimously adopted.

The Republican members of the General Assembly held
a caucus to-night, and decided to cast their votes for ex
Governor A. G. Forter for United States Senator. The
vote will be purely complimentary, as the Democrats
have a large majority on joint ballot.

MR. TELLER RENOMINATED IN COLORADO.

Washington, Jan. 19 .- A telegram was received to-day at the Interior Department from the Secre-tary of the Interior, now in Denver, in which he says that he was nominated unanimously by the caucus, the Hilling nwithdrawing. The Secretary adds; "I will be

EXCITED OVER GOLD DISCOVERIES.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] CHATTANOOGA, Jan. 19 .- North Georgia is wild with excitement over the discoveries of silver and gold just made in the Cohuttah Mountains. Boston captalists have had four famous Colorado assayists engaged there, and to-day they announced that they had traced a nd that their assay shows in some instances 80 per rat of the pure mineral. They amounce that it sur-asses the most famous mines of Colorado, and that the sin is worth \$20,000,000. A smelter will be creeted at acc at Dalton, Ga., and the mines will be developed.

MURDERING A UNITED STATES STOREKEEPER. IRY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

RALEIGH, Jan. 19.-Wheeler, the United States Storekeeper who was found dead in Randolph County, near Foustes's Mills, on Sunday, is now known to have been murdered. Peter Foustes, at whose distill-ery Wheeler was stationed, and Samuel Martin, a negro, have been arrested for the murder. Wheeler was aware of violations of the law by Foustes.

SWINDLED BY UNKNOWN FORGERS. BRIDGETON, N. J., Jan. 19.—The cashier of the Cumberland National Bank of this city discounted a note signed by Mr. Hamilton and indorsed by O. Peace, of Port Norris, and Rex Robbins, of Philadelphia, for \$1,250, which has proved to be a forgery. There is no clew to the guilty parties.

ENGLAND TO RESIST TURKEY.

INTERFERENCE IN EGYPT TO BE OPPOSED.

A WAR OFFICE COUNCIL-CONFERENCE WITH THE TURKISH MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The excitement caused yesterday by the unusual occurrence of a council at the War Office on Sunday was greatly increased to-day by a report that the Government had decided to resist any attempt on the part of Turkey to occupy any portion of Egypt or to land troops in that country. There is considerable excitement at the War Office to-day and orders have been sent to Chatham, Portsmouth and Woolwich which have caused much activity at those great naval stations. Another battalion of trops at Malta has been ordered to embark at once on the steamship Poonah for Alexandria, and other troops are under orders to be in readings to move at a moment's notice. There is no doubt that the ministry is determined not to allow Turkey to interfere in Egyptian affairs, by placing an armed force in any portion of Egypt.

Hassan Fehmi Pacha, furkish Minister of Justice, who has come to England on a special mission con cerning Egypt, drove in state to the Foreign Office to-day. Masurus Pacha, the Turkish Ambassador, introduced Felmi to Earl Granville. A long con-ference then ensued. After this conference Count Munster gaye 3 long explanation to Earl Granville of Germany's views on the Egyptian question.

The replies of Austria, Hungary and Russia to the Egish proposals regarding Egyptian finances were to-day presented to Earl Granville, by Count Karolyland Baron von Stoel, Ambassadors of the

Karoiyand Baron von Stoel, Ambassadors of the countries named.

Carro, Jan. 19.—It is understood here that the Committee of Inquiry which the Powers propose to have investigate the financial condition of Egypt shall comprise the present members of the Caisse de la Dette Publique with the addition of German and Russian delegates and the Consuls of the great Powers. It is believed here that this scheme will not be acceptable to England, as it would be tantamount, unless more strictly defined, to the plan of multiple control, which was rejected by England at the conference last spring.

Preparations are making to send reinforcements to snakim. These will consist of a battalion of infantry, a squadron of Hussars and two guas.

General Wolseley has ordered that all letters addressed to General Earl's column be forwarded by the way of Korosko and Abuhamed. This implies that the desert route has been reopened.

Berlin, Jan. 19.-Baron Lambermont's report to the Congo Conference, embodying the English posals regarding neutrality and laying down the African territory, is considered a further step to Eng-Armean territory, is considered a further step to England's advantage. There is a general suspiction that Germany regards the report with little favor.

A small German paddle steamer has been ordered to proceed to Cameroons for the use of Dr. Nachtigal, the special German Consular Commissioner for West Africa.

FUNERAL OF EDMOND ABOUT.

Paris, Jan. 19.-The funeral of Edmond About was held to-day. The services took place at the cemetery of Père la Chaise. M. Jules Ferry, other memhers of the Cabinet and many men of political and literary note were among those present. The deputation of the Académie Française appointed to act as pall-bearers refused to serve because there was no religious cere-

SURVIVORS OF THE ADMIRAL MOORSOM.

London, Jan. 19 .- Eleven persons who were in the missing boat of the packet Admiral Moorsom, which was sunk by a collision with the American ship Santa Clara, have been rescued in an exhausted condition by a schooner. They had been in the boat since

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

LEG XIII. ILL.—A dispatch from Rome, received this afternoon, states that the Pope is confined to his bed

THE PREMIER.—Mr. Gladstone will not leave Hawar-den to-day, as he expected to do. It is uncertain when he will return to London.

A New American Cardinal.—A dispatch from Rome asserts that Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore, will be created a cardinal the coming May.

WOOLLEN MILLS BERNED.—The Victoria Woollen Mill at Earley, in Yorkshire, have been destroyed by fire the loss is estimated at \$150,000.

THE SKYE CROFTERS. The crofters to-day adopted a

TOPICS FROM THE DOMINION. MONTREAL, Jan. 19 .- The carnival authori-

ties are jubilant over Saturday's terrific snow storm and the present cold weather. Everything points to a successful carnival.

Wispson, Ont., Jan. 19.-Robert Alderdice, ex-teller of the Windsor Branch of the Canadian Bank of Com-incree, has been arrested for embezzlement. MONTRAL, Jan. 19.—The demand for information re-

York, a full supply of catalogues. A special cirruval rain, leaving New-York on Sinday wight by the way of the New-York Central road, has been arranged for. Quence, Jan. 19.—An ice bridge formed opposite the

city this morning, but was again broken up by ferry-boats. Ice is reported to have been blocked opposite

FRAGMENTS OF CABLE NEWS.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 19.—The Eiksdag was opened to-day

Berlin, Jan. 19. -Emperor William is confined to hi ed. Some uneasiness is left in regard to his condition.

bed. Some uncasiness is felt in regard to his condition.

Athers, Jan. 19.—The king has sent an aide decamp to make an apology to Mr. Nickolson, the British Charge de Affaires, who was assaulted on Saturday by a gendarme. The gendarme of the etty will be assembled to hear read an order expressing regret at the insuit and describing the nature of the office and the punishment to be inflicted upon the guilty gendarme, namely, degradation to distress service and imprisonment for two months.

Berlin, Jan. 19.—The Lower House of the Prussian Diet to-day devoted some time to a discussion of the Budget for 1885. Herr Scholz, Minister of Finance, stated that the receipts for the year 1884 had exceeded the estimates by \$750,000 and the total surplus of the year amounted to \$5,000,000. He estimated that the surplus for 1885 would amount to \$2,000,000.

Sr. Perensnung, Jan. 19.—A dispatch from Hong Kong to the Worosti says that Russia intends to occupy Quelpart Island, south of Corea, as a mayal station. The Nator Fremya says that China is about to arm her troops with Berdan rifles.

BERLIN, Jan. 19 .- A white book has just been is Brilly, Jan. 19.—A white book has just been issued entitled: "The German claims to the Land of Figh." If comprises thirty-turee documents, ranging in date from October 31, 1883, to September 16, 1884, and containing the records of Germany's efforts to obtain a settlement of the claims of German subjects to the Land of Figh. The documents possess especial interest because it was England's resistance to these claims which induced Germany to adopt her present active colonial policy.

BEGINNING OF THE ICE HARVEST.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 19 .- The ice harvest as begun on the Hudson, between Castleton and A.bany, and also in the cove near Tarrytown. The ice is about eight inches thick and the weather is cold and promisins Canajonarit, Jan. 19.—The finest twelve-inch ice eve harvested here is now being taken from the Mohawk It is rumored that negotiations are pending with people here to deliver see to Hudson River dealers. WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 19.—Ice is evidently not to

be an expensive luxury to the dwellers in the Naugatuck Valley, next summer. The Naugatuck Railroad Company, which has extensive ice-houses on the Naugatuck River, from Bridgeport to Winsted, began preparations for harvesting their ice to-day. The ice is as clear as crystal, with but little snow in it, and is of excellent quality, and nine inches in thickness. George W. Beach, superintendent of the railroad, will begin work to-morrow and it is expected that within the next three weeks the crop will be gathered.

TAKING OBSERVATIONS FROM A BALLOON.
[BY TRIEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

PHILADELPHIA. Jan. 19.—Professor S. A.
King, an eronaut, famous for 275 ascensions, and W. H
Hammond, an officer in the Government Signal Service went up in a balloon from the Girard College grounds.

this afternoon. Hammond had never made an assension and his special object was to take thermometric observa-tions. Such investigations were to be made as would en-THE SEARCH IN THE RUINS-TESTIMONY AS TO THE

tions. Such investigations were to be made as wound enable the Signal Service to determine to what extent the balloon can be used in meteorlogical studies. Professor King said: "I want to go up about two miles and remain au hour, I cannot imagine where we shall land." If this height were reached and the average fall in temperature of one degree for every 300 feet were maintained, the adventurers would experience in their trip a change in temperature of nearly 30°. This would bring the mercury below zero.

OVERTURNING A TRAIN.

THE WORK OF A DEFECTIVE RAIL -TWELVE PER SONS HURT.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TAIBUNG! St. Louis, Jan. 19.-An accident occurred at Venice, Ill., this morning, to the south-bound Wabash train from Toledo, which resulted in the injury of twelve persons. A defective rail caused the wreck. The train was running slowly, and this prevented a terrible loss of life. The baggage car and smoker jumped the track and rolled into the ditch, fifteen feet below. The conductor, Ballon, the baggage-man, Hassett, and the express mes badly hurt. Mr. Mattocks was thrown against the safe, which fell on him, and he is believed to be fatally hurt. The sleeper was filled with passengers. The over-urning the car lodged in the ditch it began to burn. The cries of the passengers turned out and formed a rescuing party. The wounded were hauled out of the wreck as fast a

The wounded were hauled out of the wreck as fast as possible and placed in the sleeper. The thermometer was at zero, and the suffering was intense.

All the isjured persons were brought to this city and distributed in the various hospitals. They are: George Bennett, son of the claim agent of the Wabash, cut in the head and broken arm; Mrs. George S. Lawson, two cuts on the head and internal injuries; J. J. Mattocks, express messenger, internal injuries; will die; M. W. Hassett, baggage master, nose broken and leg broken; Ballou, conductor, internal injuries; Fritz Seiffert, passenger for Arkansas, skull fractured; Mrs. D. McFaddeur, Cleveland, wounded on the head; August Koch, Allegheay City, leg broken and hip injured; Michael Achramer, broken leg; Auton Pieri, Toledo, head badly cut and leg burned; James Stillwell, arm Broken and isternal injuries. There were several others whose names could not be learned. The railroad authorities are caring for some of the wounded.

THE OKLAHOMA COLONISTS.

KANSAS PEOPLE INTERESTED-WHAT IS EXPECTED OF THE NEXT ADMINISTRATION. INY TREEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19 .- A dispatch from Lawrence, Kansas, states that thousands of colonists throughout the entire State are ready to move upon Oklahoma as soon as the question of occupancy is decided. There is hardly a town in the State, especially in Southern Kansas, but has a colony of from 100 to 400 ready to move as soon as there is any certainty that they will not be expelled. Couch has with him, at the present time, over 300 well organized and armed men. This was shown by the result of the first attempt to remove him by Captain Day when the colonists refused to let the troops arrest Couch, and, retiring behind some breastworks, awaited with loaded weapons the order to fire which Captain Day did not feel justified in giving. Southern Kansas is undoubtedly in sympathy with the Oklahoma colony, and in case of a stubborn resistance on their part a more serious conflict may cusue than is generally expected. There are at least 5,000 men ready to move to Oklahoma at short notice. Circulars are being scattered about in great nambers, urging the organization of colonies, and holding out the idea that the incoming Administration will favor the "Boomers." One of these declares that if they are unable to get favorable legislation before March 5 a grand rush will then be made to Oklahoma, for with the incoming Administration the soldiers will be withdrawn and the people allowed to remain. Coffeyville, Kansas, is at present the proposed railying point for the colonists. shown by the result of the first attempt to remove him

COLD WEATHER IN THE WEST.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.-This has been the coldest day of the year in this city. The thermometers recorded anywhere from 19° to 30° below zero, the Signal Service quoting 19b below. The same condition of affairs prevails throughout the State, but in the Northwest the weather is milder as compared with that of twenty-four hours ago.

Duncque, Iowa, Jan. 19.—This has been the coldest

day of the winter. The Government thermometer reg-latored 21° degrees below at 7 a. m., and other thermome-eters recorded from 24° to 32° below according to expo-sure. The railroads are getting clear of the show blockade. The Himois Central is open from here to Par-tershure.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 19.—The sudden and severe frost pre cented another flood, as the rivers were all full and rising. The gale on Saturday was a terrible one. The tem ing. The gale on saturity was a terrine one. The center perature fell twenty-five degrees in two hours, and the cold was accompanied by a flerce sleet and wind storm. The damage caused in Northern Ohlo was large, From detailed reports received so far it looks as if the storm has cost Northern Ohlo several millions of dollars.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 19.—Considerable damage was

wind storm on Saturday. At Berlin a barn was blown over, and a portion of the Winslow glass works was de-molished. Trees and fences were blown down in many places. At Elwood a frame building was blown over.

REPORT OF LAST YEAR'S OIL TRADE

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

TITUSVILLE, Penn., Jan. 19 -A report has Titesyille, Penn., Jan. 19—A report has been in course of preparation, lately, showing the consumption of petroleum in 1884. The figures will be given to the petroleum trade to-merrow. The results are as follows: Production of oil, 23,755,604 barrels; 23,244,336 barrels were delivered to refiners; \$59,224 barrels were lost by evaporation, etc. The gross consumption of oil was 24,104,160 barrels, or a daily average of 66,038 barrels.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL BRINTON. INV TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG!

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19. - Major-General Robert M. Brinton was buried this morning from Christ Church. The funeral was attended by many people. mong whom were General R. G. Patterson, General Joshua T. Owen, Colonel P. Lacy Goddard, Ad-jutant-General Goddard, P. N. Guthrie, Captain Frank D. Howell, Major Samuel M. Lewis, D. C. Wh ton Smith and Lieutemant-Colonel Silas W. Pettil, w acted as pallbearers. A delegation of the Legion Honor was also present.

DR. PULLMAN AND THE CHURCH AT LYNN.

LYNN, Jan. 19.—The Rev. Dr. J. M. Pullman, f New York, in answer to the informal call of the First niversalist Church, of this city, writes that the matter will be laid before his parish at the coming meeting. H aid that he would accept the call but that he desires his congregation to consider the subject. The Hem of salary is not under discussion and Mr. Pullman would receive the same salary here as in New-York. The church here is free from debt and its pastorate is considered desirable

" DOCTOR" RICHARDSON AGAIN IN TROUBLE. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19 .- Richardson, who has just completed a sentence in prison for issuing bogus medical diplomas, and who is now seeking a divorce from his wife, is charged with the forgery of the names of prominent physicians to a number of bogus docu-ments. He has left town and his hiding place is not

POLICE DISTURB A WEDDING PARTY. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.-A ball given in nor of the marriage of Abraham Rosenthal and Miss Hannah Marcus Silberstein, at a public hall South-st. last night, was broken up by e police and over 300 guests were ordered leave the premises. The groom, a Hungarian w, escaped through a rear entrance, leaving the musicans unpaid.

MARRYING A CHILD OF TWELVE YEARS. IRY TELEGRAPH TO THE THIBUNG.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., Jan. 18.-Nicholas Van Horn, a well-to-do farmer and widower of Habershaw, the father of two children over thirty years of age, was married to Miss Ivey, a child of twelve. During the cer-emony the child began to sob, when the old man patted her on the head in a fatherly manner, and wiped away her tears with his big bandana.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

PRICE THREE CENTS RECOVERING THE BODIES.

ALL THE DEAD AT KANKAKEE FOUND.

CAUSE OF THE FIRE.

KANKAKEE, Ill., Jan. 19.—The bodies of the RANKARE, III., Jan. 13.—The bodies of the five other victims of the Kankakee hospital fire were recovered to day. They were: Alfred Runyard, age fifty, of Winnebago, who entered the hospital in November; C. M. Tyler, age forty-five, of Sheldon, placed in the hospital in April; C. Statz, age sixty-five, of Chicago, who came in November from the Jefferson hospital; John Nathan, of Chicago, age forty-two. He was placed in the hospital left July and weather the left of the control of the left o the hospital last July and was a general favorite. His widow came for his body to-day, Orlando Ellis, of Pontiac, age forty two, who was helplessly sick, had been in the hospital since 1879. The remains of Ellis were found immediately beneath those of Belden, separated by debris. The room of Ellis, on the second floor, was above that of Beiden. The remains of Nathan when found preserved the form of a perfect skeleton, but on being touchest they crumbled to asies. The asies of Runyard and Statz would each fill a collar

touched they crumbled to ashes. The ashes of Runyard and Statz would each fill a collar box. Inmates Oscar Anderson and Isaac White, and attendants, Reed, Labarge and Brown are still suffering from injuries received at the fire. Men have been placed at each of the twenty furnaces of the hospital day and night to prevent a recurrence of the accident.

The hospital architect, J. R. Whilett, of Chicago, testified before the coroner's jury that he was here once a week on an average to superintend the placing of the furnaces. The construction of the furnace was in accordance with his instructions. The buildings were all built before the furnaces were put in. The wood joists vary from six to ten inches from the top of the brick work. Two courses of brick are laid over iron girders above the furnace and the brick was all laid in mortar, with sheet-iron between. The iron pipes in the furnace are twenty-two inches below the metal roof.

Thomas A. Driver said in his testi anny: "I did the mason work on those furnaces under the supervision of Willett's foreman, Scully. He was not immediate master, still I was under him. The furnace men put up the furnace proper and the smoke pipe, and we bricked around it. We built them first with the air space above left open, but closed up these spaces at Scully's order. I believe if they had been left open as first built it would have tended to prevent the lire,

James Sillie, a contractor, the builder of all the hospital buildings at Kankakee, said; "I have supervised the placing of but few furnaces, but in my judgment these were a little too near the woodwork to be absolutely safe. I would recommend the taking down of the casings above the similar furnaces in the hospital so astolet the cold air come in over the furnace, I built the closet immediately above where the fire was first seen. It was four by six feet, one side formed by the projection of a hot air flue. The floor of the closet was maple and the walls pine.

The jury returned a verdict that the decased persons came to their

EXPLOSION OF NATURAL GAS. NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH-INDIGNATION OF THE PROPLE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] PITTSBURG, Jan. 19 .- The people of Sharpsburg, six miles from this city, were startled this morning by a tremendous noise which was followed by a quaking of the earth. Windows were shattered and chimneys were crumbled. It was caused by an explosion of natural gas in the mill store of Moerhead Brothers & Co. Simultaneously with a second shock the body of a man was seen whizzing through the air from the door of the mill store. The force of the explosion was such as to carry him across the street, landing him squarely on his back. He was badly burned about the head and neck but was otherwise uninjured. It was T. A. Reed, the shippingelerk, who, while sitting in the store, saw a

shipping clerk, who, while sitting in the store, saw a small blaze come an through the floor. He immediately started on a run for the door but before he reached is the explosion took place.

Immediately after the explosion the store and the mill offices took fire and were totally destroyed entailing a loss of about \$25,000. The mill proper was saved with the greatest difficulty. Luckily it was not in operation or there might have been great loss of life. The people of Sharpsburg are highly indignant and the excitement over the explosion is at fever heat, it is feared that a riot may result. This morning the crowd which had gathered at the fire became so infuriated that it took the best elequence of sensible men to prevent them from tearing up the pipes. An indignation meeting was held.

for telegraph to the tribune.]
RICHMOND, Jan. 19.—Information received to-night says that the County Court Clerk's office, of King William, was burned, with the entire records of the county for nearly 200 years, yesterday morning. The loss to the county will be heavy.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES.

DENVER, Jan. 19 .- The dry goods house of A. L. Welch & Co. was burned this morning. The loss is estimated at \$30,000, fully covered by insurance, which was distributed among nineteen different companies. DES MOINES, Jan. 19.—Smith & Snell's livery stable at Fonda, Iowa, together with fifteen horses, was burned hast night. The loss is \$5,000. BATHE CREEK, Mich., Jan. 19.—J. L. Reade's skating

rink and E. Clapp & Son's carriage works were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at \$25,000; in-surance, \$2,000. CHICAGO, Jan. 19.-The Daily News Bloomington, Ill., dispatch says: Priest and Gordon's elevator and mill, at Mount Pulaski, have been burned with 5,000 bushels

of wheat and a large quantity of flour. Loss \$25,000; insurance, \$14,000. A dispatch to The Journal from Ripon, Wis., says : The A dispatch to the Journal from hipon, wis, says: The Greenway Block was burned this morning. Loss, \$8,000. Insurance \$6,500. The post office was also burned, but all of the mail matter and valuable property were removed. Shaw's shoe store was damaged to the extent of \$5,000. Insurance \$3,500. The loss on the house of James Greenway, adjoining, is \$5,000; insurance, \$2,000.

KILLED UNDER HIS LOCOMOTIVE.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] PITTSBURG, Jan. 19 .- Thomas Carlin, an en tineer on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Rafway, met with a singular death this morning near the Union Station. The machinery of his locomotive became out of gear, and he crowded under the tank to ascertain what was the cause. He unserewed a nut, when two rods that were held in place by it were loosened and struck him on the head. The force of the blow evidently twisted his head around, as his neck was broken, and he apparently died instantly. The fireman found him lying on the track dead.

IGNORING THE PROHIBITION LAW.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. DUBUQUE, Jan. 19.-The deputy collecter of this district, which includes half the counties in Iowa, has been making a tour of the district, and at ever place where he stopped found the prohibition law ignored. Liquor and beer are sold openly and no questions are asked.

PRODUCTION OF OIL FIELDS.

IRY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.1 WARREN, Penn., Jan. 19 .- Grandin Well No. 28, at Bailtown, was drilled in the sand twenty feet to-day, and was started off at 500 barrels an hour. Tas well was shut down six months ago to lessen production. The production of the Butler oil field to-day was 4,646 barrels. The McBride well has declined to nineteen barrels an hour.

TO CLEAR OFF THE SITE OF ANDERSONVILLE. | BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

MACON, Jan. 19 .- Great interest has always been felt by Northern travellers in the site of Anderson-ville Prison. It is several hundred yards from the track thick growth of pines. The War Department has con-sented that this underbrush be cleared away, so that henceforth numerous travellers may have full view of the spot. of the Southwesters Railway and is hidden now by a

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG.

GREENWICH, Conn., Jan. 19 .- Patrick Cavanaugh, a workman at the place of George J. Tyson, of New-York, at Riverside was killed by a dynamite cartridge this afternoon. He was warming it over a stove and it dropped from his hands into the fire and im-mediately exploded, blowing his head off.

BY TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PHILADELPHIA. Jan. 19 .- "Hi Ki," otherwise Hezekiah Thompson, the wild man from Africa, was ar-rested to-day, charged with defrauding the public, He was given a hearing this afternoon, when he admitted that he was not a wild man, but had been "made up" to represent one at a dime show where he was arrested.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS DINING.

The medical and surgical faculty of St. Mary's
Hospital, Brooklyn, held their second annual dinner
last evening at the Clarendon Hotel, Forty-two sat
down to the table. Dr. John Byrne presided, Among
the speakers were Bishop Loughlin, Dr. Hutchins, Dr.
Byrne, Dr. Landon C. Grey and Dr. George R. Fowler,